

Title	Source	Intent	Status	Rationale
AMATEURISM -- COMPETITION-RELATED EXPENSES FROM AN OUTSIDE SPONSOR	NCAA Division II Presidents Council [Management Council (Legislation Committee)].	To permit an individual to receive actual and necessary expenses from an outside sponsor other than an agent, a representative of an institution's athletics interests or a professional sports organization, as specified.	SPOPL	Current legislation permits student-athletes to receive actual and necessary expenses from an outside amateur sports team or organization for competition and practice held in preparation for such competition. The outside team or organization may include funds donated to the general fund by a sponsor (e.g., neighbor, business), provided the donations are not earmarked for a particular student-athlete(s). The current legislation is overly complicated and bureaucratic. This proposal provides the opportunity for enrolled student-athletes to seek out additional permissible financial resources to support their athletics aspirations without compromising the fundamental purpose of the collegiate model. This change would not impact fundraising for institutional events (e.g., foreign tours), for which earmarking would remain impermissible since any donations to the institution would trigger the individual's status as a representative of athletics interest. The immediate effective date will allow student-athletes to receive actual and necessary expenses from a permissible sponsor to participate in events during summer 2017.
FINANCIAL AID -- MAXIMUM LIMITS ON FINANCIAL AID -- TEAM LIMITS - INSTITUTIONAL ATHLETICS AID ONLY	NCAA Division II Presidents Council [Management Council (Legislation Committee)].	To specify that only institutional athletics aid shall count toward individual and team equivalency limits.	SPOPL	Under current legislation, the calculation of individual equivalencies includes all institutional aid received during the term of the award, excluding government grants and exempted institutional aid. This calculation can result in a student-athlete having to decline financial aid for which he or she is eligible due to concerns of exceeding the individual and/or team equivalency limits. According to the 2015 GOALS study, over two-thirds of Division II student-athletes report that college costs were an important consideration in making their college choice. Amending the legislation to count only athletics aid will permit institutions to award athletics aid to deserving student-athletes without concern of the impact on other aid sources and may have a positive impact on enrollment management. Division II financial aid data demonstrates that only four institutions fully fund their athletics programs and only 13 percent of teams are fully funded. Further, a model in which only athletics aid counts toward the individual and team equivalency limits would support the partial scholarship model, assist with enrollment management and ensure consistency in calculations among institutions. Institutions would only be responsible for ensuring that student-athletes do not receive a financial aid package that exceeds a full grant-in-aid or the cost of attendance.
ELIGIBILITY -- ACADEMIC MISCONDUCT	NCAA Division II Presidents Council [Management Council (Academic Requirements Committee)].	To define and clarify post-enrollment academic misconduct activities, the individuals to whom the activities apply and violations of such activities, as specified; further, to move the legislation related to pre-enrollment academic misconduct to Bylaw 14.	SPOPL	The current regulatory structure regarding academic misconduct is confusing, unclear and imprecise and appropriate revisions to the academic misconduct legislation will serve to benefit to individual institutions and the Association as a whole. Despite changes in the academic landscape, academic misconduct legislation has not been revised since 1983 when the legislation was added to the Manual. Under the current regulatory structure, it can be unclear when academic misconduct involving student-athletes falls within the purview of the NCAA and when academic misconduct should be an institutional matter. Current terms, definitions and gaps in the academic misconduct legislation result in confusion and lack of clarity. The regulatory structure for academic misconduct is currently located in bylaws, interpretations and educational columns and should be consolidated in a single article (Bylaw 14). This proposal will expand the application of academic misconduct legislation to any

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RECRUITING -- RECRUITING CALENDARS -- FOOTBALL -- CONTACT PERIOD -- MONDAY AFTER THANKSGIVING	Mid-America Intercollegiate Athletics Association and Northeast-10 Conference.	In football, to revise the recruiting calendar to begin the winter contact period on the Monday after Thanksgiving.	SPOPL	<p>situation in which an institutional staff member is involved and replace the current academic extra benefit analysis with a specific and limited definition of impermissible academic assistance. In addition, the proposal will require institutional policies and procedures regarding academic misconduct for the general student-body.</p> <p>Currently, the winter contact period begins on December 1. In most years, December 1 falls in the middle or end of week. The Monday following Thanksgiving is a more appropriate day to begin this contact period as both collegiate institutions and secondary schools have resumed classes following the Thanksgiving break.</p>
NCAA MEMBERSHIP -- CONDITIONS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERSHIP -- INDEPENDENT MEDICAL CARE	NCAA Division II Presidents Council [Management Council (Committee for Competitive Safeguards and Medical Aspects of Sports)], Pennsylvania State Athletic Conference, Mid-America Intercollegiate Athletics Association and Gulf South Conference.	To specify that an active member institution shall establish an administrative structure that provides independent medical care and affirms the unchallengeable autonomous authority of the primary athletics health care providers (team physicians and athletic trainers) to determine medical management and return-to-play decisions related to student-athletes; further, an active institution shall designate an athletics health care administrator to oversee the institution's athletic health care administration and delivery.	SPOPL	The NCAA Principle of Health and Safety makes it the responsibility of institutions to protect the health of, and provide a safe environment for, their student-athletes. As a continuum of Inter-Association Consensus: Independent Medical Care for College Student-Athlete Guidelines, this proposal supports this principle and requires further administrative controls in the delivery of athletics health care services. This proposal addresses the issue of medical providers -primary athletics health care providers -- at institutions having unchallengeable autonomous authority to determine medical management and return-to-play decisions of student-athletes. Current legislation gives unchallengeable authority to the sports medicine staff to cancel or modify workouts for health and safety reasons, but does not address medical management of student-athletes. This issue impacts student-athlete health and well-being. This proposal will help to ensure appropriate medical controls and authority. Further, the administrative structure should ensure that no coach serves as the primary supervisor for any medical provider, nor have hiring, retention, and dismissal authority over that provider. The athletics health care administrator can assure that no coach serves in such capacity, and that the delivery of athletics health care is consistent with health and safety legislation and evolving inter-association statements addressing health and safety issues.
AMATEURISM -- INVOLVEMENT WITH PROFESSIONAL TEAMS -- TRYOUTS -- TRYOUTS AFTER ENROLLMENT -- TRYOUT AT ANY TIME	NCAA Division II Presidents Council [Management Council (Legislation Committee)].	To specify that a student-athlete may try out with a professional athletics team or permit a professional athletics team to conduct medical examinations at any time, provided the student-athlete does not miss class.	SPOPL	Current legislation permits a student-athlete to participate in a professional tryout at any time outside of the playing season. This proposal expands the professional tryout opportunities for student-athletes without interfering with class time. This change aligns with Division I legislation regarding professional team tryouts and ensures that Division II student-athletes are provided similar legislative access to tryout opportunities as their Division I counterparts. The immediate effective date will permit student-athletes to participate in professional team tryouts during the 2017 spring term.
RECRUITING -- OFFERS AND INDUCEMENTS -- INSTITUTIONAL PRE-ENROLLMENT FEES	NCAA Division II Presidents Council [Management Council (Legislation Committee)].	To specify that an institution may waive, pay in advance or guarantee payment of any institutional pre-enrollment fee for a prospective student-athlete who has signed a National Letter of Intent or the institution's written offer of admission and/or financial aid or for whom the institution has	SPOPL	Current legislation limits the pre-enrollment fees an institution may pay for a prospective student-athlete, unless the institution has similar policies for all prospective student-grantees. By permitting payment for a committed prospective student-athlete, the institution is not gaining a recruiting advantage and the prospective student-athlete and family will incur less financial burden. Many prospective student-athletes do not have the financial means to cover basic fees

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		received a financial deposit in response to its offer of admission.		required by the institution for all students and are unaware that these basic institutional fees are not covered by athletically related financial aid. The prohibition on covering these required institutional fees leaves the institution vulnerable to outside parties providing impermissible financial aid to financially disadvantaged prospective student-athletes. Furthermore, the institution is permitted to reimburse or pay for many of these pre-enrollment fees after the individual becomes a student-athlete. The period of time between a prospective student-athlete's commitment and enrollment is a time of significant need for institutional support. The payment of pre-enrollment fees will promote the membership's commitment to implementing rules and policies intended to enhance the support of student-athletes. The immediate effective date will permit institutions to pay pre-enrollment fees for prospective student-athletes enrolling for the 2017-18 academic year.
AMATEURISM -- PROMOTIONAL ACTIVITIES -- PERMISSIBLE -- INSTITUTIONAL, CHARITABLE, EDUCATIONAL OR NONPROFIT PROMOTIONS -- MONETARY AND EDUCATIONAL REQUIREMENTS	NCAA Division II Presidents Council [Management Council (Legislation Committee)].	To amend the promotional activities legislation, as follows: (1) To eliminate the requirement that all money derived from a permissible promotional activity or project must go directly to the member institution, member conference or the charitable, educational, nonprofit or government agency; (2) To eliminate the requirement that an authorized representative of the charitable, educational, nonprofit, or government agency must sign a release statement; and (3) To require the institution to provide educational material to the charitable, educational, nonprofit or government agency notifying the entity of its obligation to ensure that a student-athlete's name, likeness, appearance or image is used in a manner consistent with the legislation.	SPOPL	Current legislation requires all money derived from a promotional activity or project to go directly to the permissible entity (e.g., member institution, member conference or the charitable, educational, nonprofit or government agency). Many Division II institutions partner with commercial businesses that have established fundraising programs that are not set up in a manner that complies with the current legislation, which precludes student-athletes from being involved in the activity. Removing this requirement will increase opportunities for student-athletes to be involved in promotional activities for both the institution and other permissible entities. Eliminating the signature requirement for an authorized representative of the charitable, educational, nonprofit or government agency while still requiring education on the requirements of the promotional activities legislation will maintain the intent of the legislation and reduce administrative burden. The immediate effective date will permit institutions to apply the less stringent standard to promotional activities during the 2017 spring term.
DIVISION MEMBERSHIP -- MEMBERSHIP REQUIREMENTS -- PHILOSOPHY STATEMENT	NCAA Division II Presidents Council [Management Council (Management Council Identity Subcommittee)].	To amend the Division II philosophy statement, as specified.	SPOPL	Much of the current Division II Philosophy Statement aligns with the implementation of the "I Chose" identity campaign in the mid-2000s and has not been reviewed comprehensively since that time. In accordance with the 2013 communications audit that identified the need to better explain Division II to external audiences, and in conjunction with the 2015-21 Division II Strategic Plan and the Make It Yours brand enhancement, it is necessary to update the statement to reflect the refreshed brand. The proposed revision does not omit any of the philosophy's key elements and core principles; rather, it reorganizes the division's commitment to a balanced and inclusive approach in academics, athletics, community engagement and post-graduation success in a contemporary manner that better reflects the Make It Yours identity enhancement.